



# STUDENT EMPOWERMENT, ENGAGEMENT AND REPRESENTATION IN LEBANESE UNIVERSITIES

StEER-Leb

Training Curriculum Conflict Resolution

















## TRAINING TITLE: CONFLICT RESOLUTION

**Targeted participants** Students

**Number of participants** Between 25 and 30

**Duration (contact hours)** 90 minutes

#### **Objectives**

- Understanding the nature of conflict and the way to spot it arising.
- Tackling conflict before it escalates.
- Solving conflict in a positive solution-oriented way in order to reach a common goal.
- Familiarizing the audience with self-defense techniques.
- Understanding the difference between informal and formal conflicts and the best way to handle the situation.
- Emphasizing the prominence of communication tools.
- Learning to speak up in an assertive yet groundbreaking way.

#### CONTENT

#### Introduction:

The trainer starts by explaining that conflict is a disagreement between two or more parties who have different goals.

The audience engages in a role-play based on cases of conflict, as they need to assess the best way to react to it.

### **Explorative content:**

Steps of conflict and conflict escalation.

Rephrasing positively the words of the opponent in order to establish a common ground.

Fight or flight?

Natural reflexes

Who is stronger?

- \*The inner smile powers
- \*Entering and blending
- \*Extension
- \*Turn and redirect
- The trainer replies and gives them hints, tips and tricks, based on what they presented.
- The trainer emphasizes the importance of martial arts principles in conflict resolution and daily confrontations.

- Do not run from conflict:
- 1. Know the difference between constructive and destructive conflict.
- 2. Resist the urge to resolve conflict with an executive decision.
- 3. Do not allow one person to take the conflict to a manager or higher level.
- 4. Create a method for making difficult decisions.
- 5. Share information.
- 6. Share decision-making.
- 7. Assume good will.
- 8. Do not just have a policy for dealing with conflict, talk about it.
- 9. Do not expect agreements to be easy.
- 10. Do not forget that democratic communication is filled with conflict.

#### 14 Conflict resolution ways to be used:

- 1. Do not jump to the defense.
- 2. Do not point fingers.
- 3. Let the person explain themselves, and actively listen.
- 4. Use "I" statements.
- 5. Maintain a calm tone.
- 6. Show a willingness to compromise or collaborate.
- 7. Do not talk behind people's backs.
- 8. Do not take anything personally.
- 9. Pay close attention to nonverbal communication.
- 10. Prioritize resolving the conflict over being right.
- 11. Know when to apologize and forgive.
- 12. Focus on the conflict at hand and not past ones.
- 13. Use humor, when appropriate.
- 14. Remember the importance of the relationship.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE TRAINING METHODOLOGY

- PowerPoint presentation
- Role-playing
- Explanation and conclusion

### PREPARATION BY PARTICIPANTS BEFORE THE TRAINING (IF APPLICABLE)

- No specific preparation is required from the participants before the training.

### MATERIAL TO BE PROVIDED TO PARTICIPANTS DURING THE TRAINING

- PowerPoint presentation
- Preparation of case studies for trainees

#### REFERENCES

- "How To Recognize and Deal with Conflict" https://www.civilsocietyhowto.org/
- Swetha Amaresan: 14 Conflict Resolution Skills to Use with Your Team and Your Customers

#### For more information: info@steerleb.net